ASSIGNMENT 2

Textbook Assignment: "Computer Configuration and Hardware," chapter 2—continued, pages 2-13 to 2-27; "Computer Operator Controls and Controlling Units," pages 3-1 through 3-15.

- 2-1. How do manufacturers key subassemblies to avoid incorrect installation?
 - 1. They tag the subassembly with the connect location
 - 2. They write the location on the part with indelible ink
 - 3. They make the designation very clear in the technical manual
 - 4. They cut a slot in the side of the pcb or put plastic sheeting on one or more connector pins
- 2-2. All subassemblies are repairable at the work station.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 2-3. The majority of a computer's functional areas consists of which of the following components?
 - 1. Motherboards
 - 2. Power drivers
 - 3. Random access memories
 - 4. Printed circuit boards
- 2-4. What factor determines the number of printed circuit boards required for a particular computer?
 - 1. Type of computer
 - 2. Portability of computer
 - 3. Accessibility of one computer to another computer
 - 4. Danger of electronic emissions near the work station

- 2-5. The arrangement of pcb's in a computer is dictated by which of the following factors?
 - 1. Type of computer
 - 2. Purpose of the computer
 - 3. Location of the computer
 - 4. Software programs to be used
- 2-6. Keying pcb's is done for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. To ensure that the pcb is inserted correctly only
 - 2. To ensure that a different card type is not inserted into an incorrect slot only
 - 3. To ensure that the pcb is inserted correctly and to ensure that a different card type is not inserted into an incorrect slot
 - 4. To facilitate ease of location in an emergency situation
- 2-7. You should know the color codes of pcb's. You will find these color codes explained in which of the following publications?
 - 1. NEETS, Module 3
 - 2. NEETS, Module 4
 - 3. NEETS, Module 19
 - 4. NEETS, Module 21
- 2-8. LEDs are used for which of the following maintenance functions on pcb's?
 - 1. To test voltage levels
 - 2. To test waveforms
 - 3. To tell when equipment is operating abnormally
 - 4. Each of the above

- 2-9. Which of the following publications provides a listing for standard external interfaces?
 - 1. MIL-STD-2000
 - 2. MIL-STD-2036
 - 3. NEETS, Module 4
 - 4. NEETS, Module 24
- 2-10. Which of the following documents provide(s) maintenance information on connectors and cables?
 - 1. Computer technical manuals
 - 2. EIMB, Installation Standards, NAVSEA0967-LP-000-0110
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. MIL-STD-2036
- 2-11. Connector receptacles are also known as what?
 - 1. Printed circuit boards
 - 2. Subassemblies
 - 3. Modules
 - 4. Jacks
- 2-12. Mating of a connection only includes electrical pins and contacts or pcb cardedge.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 2-13. A rectangular connector's electrical contacts or pins may have which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. Be male or female, flat or oval
 - 2. Be male or female, round or flat
 - 3. Be male or female, round or oval
 - 4. Be oval, round, or rectangular

- A. Single-piece pcb or card edge
- B. Two-piece plug and receptacle pcb
- C. Rectangular multipin
- D. Circular multipin
- E. Coaxial

Figure 2A.—Connector architecture.

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 2-14 THROUGH 2-19, SELECT FROM FIGURE 2A THE TYPE OF CONNECTOR ARCHITECTURE DESCRIBED IN THE QUESTION.

- 2-14. Which item can contain more than 100 pins and contacts?
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. E
- 2-15. MTIDC or IDC are included in all except which of the following connectors?
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. F
- 2-16. Telephone jacks connectors can be used to connect a conductor to which connector?
 - 1. A
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. F
- 2-17. Contacts or pins on plugs or receptacles are male or female except on which of the following connectors?
 - 1. B
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. F

- 2-18. Provisions for shielding against shock and vibration can be on all except which of the following connectors?
 - 1. A
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 2-19. Hardware is used to secure which of the following connections and provide stability against shock and vibration?
 - 1. C
 - 2. D
 - 3. E
 - 4. F
- 2-20. Internal connectors are used inside the computer for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. To connect the computer to a display system
 - 2. To provide power to the computer only
 - 3. To interconnect major individual units inside the computer only
 - 4. To interconnect major individual units inside the computer and provide power to the computer
- 2-21. What precaution should you use when making connections for pcb's, modules, or subassemblies?
 - 1. Secure the power to the computer and ensure the receptacle and plug match
 - 2. Ensure that the receptacle or plug has guide pins
 - 3. Force the connection
 - 4. Both 2 and 3 above

- 2-22. Which of the following documents can be used to find the signal names used by a computer?
 - 1. The wire listings only
 - 2. The computer's prints only
 - 3. The description of a pcb only
 - 4. The computer's wire listings, prints, and/or a description of each pcb
- 2-23. Internal conductors can only take mass data and route it for distribution throughout the computer.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 2-24. To make effective use of limited space, what item is used to neatly organize conductor bundles internally?
 - 1. Lacings
 - 2. Spot ties
 - 3. Wiring harnesses
 - 4. Self-cliching straps
- 2-25. To secure the wires contained in a wire harness, which of the following items may be used?
 - 1. Lacings only
 - 2. Spot tying only
 - 3. Self-clinching straps only
 - 4. Lacings, spot tying, and self-clinching straps
- 2-26. If a conductor is partially replaced or completely replaced, a different grade (AWG) and type of conductor can be used.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 2-27. In addition to securing power to the computer, what other precaution, if any, should be exercised when you are disconnecting and reconnecting power and data connections?
 - 1. Follow the proper tag-out procedures
 - 2. Document your actions in the computer room pass down log
 - 3. Back up the data to a floppy or hard drive
 - 4. None; no precautions are needed
- 2-28. The power requirements for all computers are identical regardless of where the computers are used.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 2-29. To help mate connector receptacles and plugs properly, which of the following methods may be used?
 - 1. Keying only
 - 2. Physical shape only
 - 3. Keying and physical shape
 - A. Flat
 - B. Ribbon
 - C. Twisted component or multiconductor
 - D. Coaxial
 - E. Fiber optic

Figure 2B.—Cable architecture.

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 2-30 THROUGH 2-34, SELECT FROM FIGURE 2B THE TYPE OF CABLE ARCHITECTURE THAT BEST MATCHES THE DESCRIPTION IN EACH QUESTION.

- 2-30. Conductors are separated by the dielectric core.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D
- 2-31. Can be terminated with card-edge connectors or IDCs.
 - 1. B
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 2-32. Can have up to 120 conductors.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D
- 2-33. Capable of transmitting a 20-Mhz signal with minimum loss and no distortion.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D
- 2-34. Used for serial transfer of data only.
 - 1. D only
 - 2. E only
 - 3. Dand E
 - 4. A, B, and C
- 2-35. What is the most critical piece of equipment in any data system?
 - 1. Memory
 - 2. Computer
 - 3. Connector
 - 4. Disk drive

- 2-36. In cooling systems, what four methods of cooling are used?
 - 1. Convection, forced air, air-to-air, and air-to-liquid
 - 2. Forced air, air-to-air, microwaved, and convection
 - 3. Air-to-liquid, air-to-air, microwaved, and forced air
 - 4. Air-to-air, forced air, external fan-blown, and convection
- 2-37. What type of operator control is used to alter the speed of an internal computer clock or vary the intensity of indicators?
 - 1. Thumbwheel switch
 - 2. Potentiometer
 - 3. Pushbutton
 - 4. Mouse
- 2-38. To provide status information to the computer operator, which of the following devices may be used?
 - 1. Dot matrix display only
 - 2. Light-emitting diodes only
 - 3. Dot matrix display and light-emitting diodes
 - 4. Mouse devices
- 2-39. What is the simplest way to show the status of an operation or the selection of an item?
 - 1. Send a message to a printer
 - 2. Send a message to disk
 - 3. Turn on a light
 - 4. Sound an alarm
- 2-40. All of the following are types of indicators except which one?
 - 1. Backlit
 - 2. Opaque
 - 3. Clear
 - 4. Color

- 2-41. Protective devices can serve as controls.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 2-42. To protect from accidental activation of selected keys and switches, what device is used with selected keys and switches?
 - 1. Horn
 - 2. Guard
 - 3. Circuit breaker
 - 4. Light-emitting diode
- 2-43. Switches have which of the following functions?
 - 1. To activate a function
 - 2. To turn a unit on/off
 - 3. To set a parameter
 - 4. Each of the above
- 2-44. A key switch you depress to activate a function and depress again to deactivate the function is called a/an
 - 1. momentary-action key switch
 - 2. alternate-action key switch
 - 3. three-position key switch
 - 4. on/off key switch
- 2-45. A key that repeats the fiction continuously while being held down is which of the following types of keys?
 - 1. Momentary-action key
 - 2. Alternate-action key
 - 3. Toggle key
 - 4. On/off key

- 2-46. Switches that have several positions the operator can select by turning a knob are which of the following types of switches?
 - 1. Rotary switches
 - 2. Pushbutton switches
 - 3. Alternate-action toggle switches
 - 4. Momentary-action toggle switches
- 2-47. All of the following are characteristics of thumbwheel switches except which one?
 - 1. They have alphanumeric characters built in
 - 2. Each position is locked until another position is selected
 - 3. The position values are usually marked on the controlling unit cover
 - 4. The positions are selected by dialing the switch
- 2-48. Pushbutton switches may not have indicators.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 2-49. On toggle switches, which of the following can be uses of the neutral position?
 - 1. Interact with software
 - 2. Set a parameter
 - 3. Disable a locked up/down position
 - 4. Each of the above
- 2-50. Alternate-action toggle switches may have which of the following positions?
 - 1. Permanent up and return to neutral only
 - 2. Permanent up and down only
 - 3. Either permanent up and return to neutral or permanent up and down, depending on design
 - 4. On and off

- 2-51. Momentary-action/contact, two-position toggle switches are normally used for which of the following purposes?
 - 1. To turn the unit on
 - 2. To initiate an operation
 - 3. To provide status information
 - 4. To turn the unit off
- 2-52. On a three-position toggle switch, the center position may be used for which of the following purposes?
 - 1. To set a parameter only
 - 2. To disable the locked up/down position only
 - 3. Either to set a parameter or to disable the locked up/down position, depending on the function
 - 4. To provide status information
- 2-53. You should expect to find all of the following types of information about controlling units in the technical manuals and owner's manuals of your system except which one?
 - 1. General description of the unit
 - 2. Tables and figures to describe each control and indicator
 - 3. Circuit diagrams with information for maintenance
 - 4. Manufacturing specifications and design requirements
- 2-54. In addition to operational programs, what other type of programs will you be using to perform preventive maintenance?
 - 1. Diagnostic programs
 - 2. Applications programs
 - 3. Word processing programs
 - 4. Database management programs

- 2-55. Information about each control and indicator will include all except which of the following information?
 - 1. Name
 - 2. Type
 - 3. Date installed
 - 4. Function and use
- 2-56. In addition to providing power indicators, which of the following other important functions do power/temperature panels provide?
 - 1. Notify you of an overtemperature condition
 - 2. Enable you to modify the temperature setting for efficient operation
 - 3. Both 2 and 3 above
 - 4. Shut down the system automatically when an overtemperature condition is reached
- 2-57. From the operator panel you can perform all of the following functions except which one?
 - 1. Initiate computer operations
 - 2. Monitor computer operations
 - 3. Put the computer in battle short condition
 - 4. Power up/down individual designated modules
- 2-58. Built-in test (BIT) controls and indicators are included on which of the following panels?
 - 1. Operator panel
 - 2. Power/temperature panel
 - 3. Control and maintenance panel
 - 4. Each of the above

- 2-59. During operation and maintenance, all of the following are computer monitoring capabilities from a control and maintenance panel (CMP) except which one?
 - 1. Software availability
 - 2. Hardware availability
 - 3. Switch settings
 - 4. Jump stops
- 2-60. The ac plasma part of a display control unit has which of the following functions?
 - 1. Provides you operational information
 - 2. Provides you corrective maintenance information
 - 3. Interfaces with the CPU/IOC and memory
 - 4. Both 2 and 3 above
- 2-61. A built-in microprocessor with five levels of controls and indications for loading and initiating operations, monitoring operations, status indications, operator interfacing, and self-testing is part of what type of controlling unit?
 - 1. Maintenance console unit
 - 2. Computer control panel
 - 3. Display control unit
 - 4. Operator panel
- 2-62. To perform diagnostics on a computer, what type of controlling unit enables you to use a data terminal and diagnostics stored on a magnetic tape?
 - 1. Operator panel
 - 2. Maintenance console
 - 3. Display control unit
 - 4. Computer control panel

- 2-63. From a computer control panel, you can perform which of the following types of monitoring?
 - 1. Operational program status only
 - 2. Display registers only
 - 3. Switch settings only
 - 4. Switch settings, display registers, and computer operations
- 2-64. What controlling unit enables you to operate the computer set under expanded and varied conditions, at various operating speeds, and in various operating modes?
 - 1. Operator panel
 - 2. Maintenance console
 - 3. Power/temperature panel
 - 4. Computer control unit
- 2-65. When you manually interface with the CPU and IOC for software enhancement, what is the name of the function you are performing?
 - 1. Diagnostic programming
 - 2. Operator programming
 - 3. Inspect and change
 - 4. Casualty control
- 2-66. A keyboard will be your primary device for controlling what type of computer, if any?
 - 1. Mainframe
 - 2. Minicomputer
 - 3. Microcomputer
 - 4. None; keyboards are not used to control computers
- 2-67. On a microcomputer, what is the primary method used to provide information to you?
 - 1. Printer
 - 2. Monitor
 - 3. Light-emitting diodes
 - 4. Indicator lights on the keyboard

- 2-68. The meanings of function keys and control keys can be assigned in which of the following ways?
 - 1. By the computer hardware manufacturer only
 - 2. By the computer program only
 - 3. By the operating system only
 - 4. By both the computer program and the operating system
- 2-69. In addition to the keyboard, what other device may you use as a controlling device with the monitor to control the operations of a microcomputer?
 - 1. Mouse
 - 2. Key switch
 - 3. Rotary switch
 - 4. Toggle switch
- 2-70. Of the following devices, which one can provide both input to a computer and output from a computer?
 - 1. Mouse
 - 2. Printer
 - 3. Teletype
 - 4. Keyboard
- 2-71. A teletype is composed of which of the following components?
 - 1. Printer only
 - 2. Keyboard only
 - 3. Printer and keyboard only
 - 4. Printer, keyboard, and monitor

- 2-72. From remote consoles and remote operator control units, you may be able to perform all except which of the following functions?
 - 1. Power the computer set up/down
 - 2. Initiate computer operations
 - 3. Monitor computer status
 - 4. Perform self-testing